| Carex flagellifera; Family - Cyperaceae; Common name - weeping brown sedge | | Answer | Score |
|---|-------------|--------|----------|
| 1.01 Is the species highly domesticated? (If answer is 'no' then go to question 2.01) | y=-3, n=0 | n | 0 |
| 1.02 Has the species become naturalized where grown? | y= 1, n=-1 | | |
| 1.03 Does the species have weedy races? | y=1, n=-1 | | |
| 2.01 Species suited to tropical or subtropical climate(s) (0-low; 1-intermediate; 2-high) – If island | nSee Appen | 0 | |
| 2.02 Quality of climate match data (0-low; 1-intermediate; 2-high) see appendix 2 | | 2 | |
| 2.03 Broad climate suitability (environmental versatility) | y=1, n=0 | у | 1 |
| 2.04 Native or naturalized in regions with tropical or subtropical climates | y=1, n=0 | n | 0 |
| 2.05 Does the species have a history of repeated introductions outside its natural range? y=-2 | 2 ?=-1, n=0 | у | |
| 3.01 Naturalized beyond native range y = 1*multiplier (see Append 2), n= question 2.05 | | у | 0.5 |
| 3.02 Garden/amenity/disturbance weed y = 1*multiplier (see Append 2) | n=0 | n | 0 |
| 3.03 Agricultural/forestry/horticultural weed y = 2*multiplier (see Append 2) | n=0 | у | 1 |
| 3.04 Environmental weed y = 2*multiplier (see Append 2) | n=0 | n | |
| 3.05 Congeneric weed y = 1*multiplier (see Append 2) | n=0 | у | 0.5 |
| 4.01 Produces spines, thorns or burrs | y=1, n=0 | n | 0 |
| 4.02 Allelopathic | y=1, n=0 | | |
| 4.03 Parasitic | y=1, n=0 | n | 0 |
| 4.04 Unpalatable to grazing animals | y=1, n=-1 | у | 1 |
| 4.05 Toxic to animals | y=1, n=0 | • | |
| 4.06 Host for recognized pests and pathogens | y=1, n=0 | | |
| 4.07 Causes allergies or is otherwise toxic to humans | y=1, n=0 | n | 0 |
| 4.08 Creates a fire hazard in natural ecosystems | y=1, n=0 | n | 0 |
| 4.09 Is a shade tolerant plant at some stage of its life cycle | y=1, n=0 | У | 1 |
| 4.10 Tolerates a wide range of soil conditions (or limestone conditions if not a volcanic island) | | y | 1 |
| 4.11 Climbing or smothering growth habit | y=1, n=0 | n | 0 |
| 4.12 Forms dense thickets | y=1, n=0 | n | Ō |
| 5.01 Aquatic | y=5, n=0 | n | 0 |
| 5.02 Grass | y=1, n=0 | n | 0 |
| 5.03 Nitrogen fixing woody plant | y=1, n=0 | n | 0 |
| 5.04 Geophyte (herbaceous with underground storage organs bulbs, corms, or tubers) | y=1, n=0 | n | 0 |
| 6.01 Evidence of substantial reproductive failure in native habitat | y=1, n=0 | n | 0 |
| 6.02 Produces viable seed. | y=1, n=-1 | У | 1 |
| 6.03 Hybridizes naturally | y=1, n=-1 | , | |
| 6.04 Self-compatible or apomictic | y=1, n=-1 | | |
| 6.05 Requires specialist pollinators | y=-1, n=0 | n | 0 |
| 6.06 Reproduction by vegetative fragmentation | y=1, n=-1 | n | -1 |
| 6.07 Minimum generative time (years) 1 year = 1, 2 or 3 years = 0, 4+ years = -1 | See left | 1 | 1 |
| 7.01 Propagules likely to be dispersed unintentionally (plants growing in heavily trafficked area | v=1. n=-1 | | |
| 7.02 Propagules dispersed intentionally by people | y=1, n=-1 | у | 1 |
| 7.03 Propagules likely to disperse as a produce contaminant | y=1, n=-1 | , | |
| 7.04 Propagules adapted to wind dispersal | y=1, n=-1 | у | 1 |
| 7.05 Propagules water dispersed | y=1, n=-1 | n | -1 |
| 7.06 Propagules bird dispersed | y=1, n=-1 | n | -1 |
| 7.07 Propagules dispersed by other animals (externally) | y=1, n=-1 | у | 1 |
| 7.08 Propagules survive passage through the gut | y=1, n=-1 | n | -1 |
| 8.01 Prolific seed production (>1000/m2) | y=1, n=-1 | n | -1 |
| 8.02 Evidence that a persistent propagule bank is formed (>1 yr) | y=1, n=-1 | •• | • |
| 8.03 Well controlled by herbicides | y=-1, n=1 | у | -1 |
| 8.04 Tolerates, or benefits from, mutilation, cultivation, or fire | y=1, n=-1 | У | 1 |
| 8.05 Effective natural enemies present locally (e.g. introduced biocontrol agents) | y=-1, n=1 | , | • |
| Total score: | J 1,11-1 | | 6 |
| Second Screening Result | | | Reject |
| Cooting Cooting Room | | | . tojout |