Clematis flammula L., Family: Ranunculaceae, Common names: sweet-scented	virgin's bower A	Answe	r Score
1.01 Is the species highly domesticated? (If answer is 'no' then go to question 2.01)	y=-3, n=0	n	0
1.02 Has the species become naturalized where grown?	y= 1, n=-1		
1.03 Does the species have weedy races?	y=1, n=-1		
2.01 Species suited to tropical or subtropical climate(s) (0-low; 1-intermediate; 2-high) – If 2.02 Quality of climate match data (0-low; 1-intermediate; 2-high) see appendix 2		0 2	
			1
2.03 Broad climate suitability (environmental versatility)	y=1, n=0	У	1
<ul><li>2.04 Native or naturalized in regions with tropical or subtropical climates</li><li>2.05 Does the species have a history of repeated introductions outside its natural range?</li></ul>	y=1, n=0	n	0
		У	0.5
3.01 Naturalized beyond native range y = 1*multiplier (see Append 2), n= question 2.0 3.02 Garden/amenity/disturbance weed y = 1*multiplier (see Append 2)	n=0	y	0.5
3.03 Agricultural/forestry/horticultural weed y = 2*multiplier (see Append 2)	n=0	n	0
3.04 Environmental weed y = 2 multiplier (see Append 2)  y = 2 multiplier (see Append 2)	n=0	n V	1
3.05 Congeneric weed y = 1*multiplier (see Append 2)	n=0	У	0.5
4.01 Produces spines, thorns or burrs	y=1, n=0	у	0.0
4.02 Allelopathic	y=1, n=0 y=1, n=0	n	0
4.03 Parasitic	y=1, n=0 y=1, n=0	n n	0
4.04 Unpalatable to grazing animals	y=1, n=-1 y=1, n=-1	n	-1
4.05 Toxic to animals	y=1, 11=-1 y=1, n=0	n	0
4.06 Host for recognized pests and pathogens	y=1, n=0 y=1, n=0	"	U
4.07 Causes allergies or is otherwise toxic to humans	y=1, n=0 y=1, n=0	W	1
4.08 Creates a fire hazard in natural ecosystems	y=1, 11=0 y=1, n=0	У	1
4.09 Is a shade tolerant plant at some stage of its life cycle	•	W	1
4.10 Tolerates a wide range of soil conditions (or limestone conditions if not a volcanic isla	y=1, n=0	У	1 1
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, .	У	
4.11 Climbing or smothering growth habit 4.12 Forms dense thickets	y=1, n=0 y=1, n=0	y y	1 1
5.01 Aquatic	y=5, n=0	n	0
5.02 Grass	y=3, n=0 y=1, n=0	n	0
5.03 Nitrogen fixing woody plant	y=1, n=0 y=1, n=0	n	0
5.04 Geophyte (herbaceous with underground storage organs bulbs, corms, or tubers)	y=1, n=0 y=1, n=0	n	0
6.01 Evidence of substantial reproductive failure in native habitat	y=1, n=0 y=1, n=0	n	0
6.02 Produces viable seed.	y=1, n=-1		1
6.03 Hybridizes naturally	y=1, n=-1 y=1, n=-1	y y	1
6.04 Self-compatible or apomictic	y=1, n=-1 y=1, n=-1	у	·
6.05 Requires specialist pollinators	y=-1, n=0	n	0
6.06 Reproduction by vegetative fragmentation	y=1, n=-1	у	1
6.07 Minimum generative time (years) 1 year = 1, 2 or 3 years = 0, 4+ years = -1		0	Ö
7.01 Propagules likely to be dispersed unintentionally (plants growing in heavily trafficked a		n	-1
7.02 Propagules dispersed intentionally by people	y=1, n=-1	У	1
7.03 Propagules likely to disperse as a produce contaminant	y=1, n=-1	n	-1
7.04 Propagules adapted to wind dispersal	y=1, n=-1	у	1
7.05 Propagules water dispersed	y=1, n=-1	У	1
7.06 Propagules bird dispersed	y=1, n=-1	n	-1
7.07 Propagules dispersed by other animals (externally)	y=1, n=-1	n	-1
7.08 Propagules survive passage through the gut	y=1, n=-1	n	-1
8.01 Prolific seed production (>1000/m2)	y=1, n=-1		
8.02 Evidence that a persistent propagule bank is formed (>1 yr)	y=1, n=-1		
8.03 Well controlled by herbicides	y=-1, n=1	у	-1
8.04 Tolerates, or benefits from, mutilation, cultivation, or fire	y=1, n=-1	y y	1
8.05 Effective natural enemies present locally (e.g. introduced biocontrol agents)	y=-1, n=1	,	•
Total score:	, .,		8