Family: Acanthaceae

Print Date: 10/6/2010

Taxon: Crossandra infundibuliformis

**Synonym:** Justicia infundibuliformis L. (basionym) **Common Name** Crossandra

Firecracker Flower Firecracker Plant

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uestionaire :	current 20090513	Assessor:	Chuck Chimera	<b>Designation:</b> L	
tatus:	Assessor Approved	Data Entry Person:	Chuck Chimera	WRA Score 2	
1 Is the species	highly domesticated?			y=-3, n=0	n
2 Has the specie	es become naturalized where g	rown?		y=1, n=-1	
3 Does the speci	Does the species have weedy races?			y=1, n=-1	
	Species suited to tropical or subtropical climate(s) - If island is primarily wet habitat, then substitute "wet tropical" for "tropical or subtropical"			(0-low; 1-intermediate; 2-high) (See Appendix 2)	High
2 Quality of clin	mate match data			(0-low; 1-intermediate; 2-high) (See Appendix 2)	High
3 Broad climate	e suitability (environmental ve	rsatility)		y=1, n=0	n
4 Native or natu	Native or naturalized in regions with tropical or subtropical climates				y
5 Does the speci	ies have a history of repeated i	ntroductions outside its nat	ural range?	y=-2, ?=-1, n=0	y
1 Naturalized b	eyond native range			y = 1*multiplier (see Appendix 2), n= question 205	y
2 Garden/amen	ity/disturbance weed			n=0, y = 1*multiplier (see Appendix 2)	
3 Agricultural/f	forestry/horticultural weed			n=0, y = 2*multiplier (see Appendix 2)	n
4 Environmenta	al weed			n=0, y = 2*multiplier (see Appendix 2)	n
5 Congeneric w	reed			n=0, y = 1*multiplier (see Appendix 2)	n
1 Produces spin	es, thorns or burrs			y=1, n=0	n
2 Allelopathic				y=1, n=0	n
3 Parasitic				y=1, n=0	n
4 Unpalatable t	o grazing animals			y=1, n=-1	
5 Toxic to anim	als			y=1, n=0	n
6 Host for recog	Host for recognized pests and pathogens			y=1, n=0	n
7 Causes allergi	ies or is otherwise toxic to hun	nans		y=1, n=0	n
8 Creates a fire	hazard in natural ecosystems			y=1, n=0	n
9 Is a shade tole	erant plant at some stage of its	life cycle		y=1, n=0	y
0 Tolerates a wi	ide range of soil conditions (or	limestone conditions if not	a volcanic island)	y=1, n=0	y

411	Climbing or smothering growth habit	y=1, n=0	n
412	Forms dense thickets	y=1, n=0	n
501	Aquatic	y=5, n=0	n
502	Grass	y=1, n=0	n
503	Nitrogen fixing woody plant	y=1, n=0	n
504	Geophyte (herbaceous with underground storage organs bulbs, corms, or tub	ers) y=1, n=0	n
601	Evidence of substantial reproductive failure in native habitat	y=1, n=0	n
602	Produces viable seed	y=1, n=-1	y
603	Hybridizes naturally	y=1, n=-1	
604	Self-compatible or apomictic	y=1, n=-1	y
605	Requires specialist pollinators	y=-1, n=0	
606	Reproduction by vegetative fragmentation	y=1, n=-1	
607	Minimum generative time (years)	1 year = 1, 2 or 3 years = 0, 4+ years = -1	1
701	Propagules likely to be dispersed unintentionally (plants growing in heavily trainareas)	fficked y=1, n=-1	n
702	Propagules dispersed intentionally by people	y=1, n=-1	y
703	Propagules likely to disperse as a produce contaminant	y=1, n=-1	n
704	Propagules adapted to wind dispersal	y=1, n=-1	n
705	Propagules water dispersed	y=1, n=-1	
706	Propagules bird dispersed	y=1, n=-1	n
707	Propagules dispersed by other animals (externally)	y=1, n=-1	n
708	Propagules survive passage through the gut	y=1, n=-1	
801	Prolific seed production (>1000/m2)	y=1, n=-1	n
802	Evidence that a persistent propagule bank is formed (>1 yr)	y=1, n=-1	n
803	Well controlled by herbicides	y=-1, n=1	
804	Tolerates, or benefits from, mutilation, cultivation, or fire	y=1, n=-1	
805	Effective natural enemies present locally (e.g. introduced biocontrol agents)	y=-1, n=1	
	Designat	ion: L WRA Score 2	

ppor	ting Data:	
101	2000. Whistler, W.A Tropical Ornamentals: A Guide. Timber Press, Portland, OR	Not highly domesticated
01	2010. WRA Specialist. Personal Communication.	No evidence that the species is highly domesticated.
02	2010. WRA Specialist. Personal Communication.	NA
03	2010. WRA Specialist. Personal Communication.	NA
201	2000. Whistler, W.A Tropical Ornamentals: A Guide. Timber Press, Portland, OR	"native to India and Sri Lanka (Ceylon)"
202	2010. WRA Specialist. Personal Communication.	Quality of climate match data is high
203	1995. Matthew, K. M An excursion flora of Central Tamilnadu, India. CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL	"Foothils to 1000(1300) m" [potentially broad elevational range]
203	2010. Dave's Garden. PlantFiles: Firecracker Plant, Firecracker Flower, Kanakambaram, Crossandra infundibuliformis. Dave's Garden, http://davesgarden.com/guides/pf/go/1337/	Hardiness: USDA Zone 10a: to -1.1 °C (30 °F) USDA Zone 10b: to 1.7 °C (35 °F) USDA Zone 11: above 4.5 °C (40 °F)
203	2010. Missouri Botanical Garden. PlantFinder - Crossandra infundibuliformis. http://www.mobot.org/gardeninghelp/plantfinder/Pant.asp?code=A501	Zone: 10 to 11
204	2000. Whistler, W.A Tropical Ornamentals: A Guide. Timber Press, Portland, OR	"native to India and Sri Lanka (Ceylon)" [native to region with tropical or subtropical climate]
.05	2000. Whistler, W.A Tropical Ornamentals: A Guide. Timber Press, Portland, OR	"widely cultivated for its pink to orange or red flowers with the corolla lobes all to one side"
301	1879. Eggers, B.H.F.A The flora of St. Croix and the Virgin Islands. Bulletin of the United States National Museum. 13: 1-133.	"Naturalized in gardens - St. Croix."
301	2004. Meyer, J-Y./Lavergne, C Beautés fatales : Acanthaceae species as invasive alien plants on tropical Indo-Pacific Islands. Diversity and Distributions. 10: 333-347.	Appendix List of the 52 naturalized acanths in tropical Indo-Pacific islands and other tropical countries: [Crossandra infundibuliformisLa Réunion (LNAT)LNAT = locally or sparingly naturalized in secondary or primary forests, with isolated and small patches]"we observed the cultivated species Crossandra infundibuliformis, Megaskepasma erythrochlamys, and Thunbergia mysorensis as subspontaneous in secondary vegetation."
302	2007. Randall, R.P Global Compendium of Weeds - Crossandra infundibuliformis [Online Database]. Hawaii Ecosystems at Risk Project (HEAR), http://www.hear.org/gcw/species/crossandra_infundibuliformis/	cultivation escape
303	2007. Randall, R.P Global Compendium of Weeds - Crossandra infundibuliformis [Online Database]. Hawaii Ecosystems at Risk Project (HEAR), http://www.hear.org/gcw/species/crossandra_infundibuliformis/	No evidence as a weed of Agricultural, forestry, or horticultural
304	2007. Randall, R.P Global Compendium of Weeds - Crossandra infundibuliformis [Online Database]. Hawaii Ecosystems at Risk Project (HEAR), http://www.hear.org/gcw/species/crossandra_infundibuliformis/	Listed as an environmental weed [but no evidence of impacts found in literature]
305	2007. Randall, R.P Global Compendium of Weeds - Crossandra infundibuliformis [Online Database]. Hawaii Ecosystems at Risk Project (HEAR), http://www.hear.org/gcw/species/crossandra_infundibuliformis/	No other species of Crossandra listed as weeds of any kind.
01	2000. Whistler, W.A Tropical Ornamentals: A Guide. Timber Press, Portland, OR	No spines, thorns or burrs present

402	2010. WRA Specialist. Personal Communication.	No evidence of allelopathy
403	2005. Staples, G. W./Herbst, D. R A Tropical Garden Flora - Plants Cultivated in the Hawaiian Islands and Other Tropical Places. Bishop Museum Press, Honolulu, HI.	Not parasitic
404	2010. WRA Specialist. Personal Communication.	Palatability to animals unknown
405	2010. ASPCA. Crossandra. http://www.aspca.org/pet-care/poison-control/plants/crossandra.html	Toxicity: Non-Toxic to Cats, Non-Toxic to Dogs, Non-Toxic to Horses [no evidence of toxicity ot animals]
406	2010. Missouri Botanical Garden. PlantFinder - Crossandra infundibuliformis. http://www.mobot.org/gardeninghelp/plantfinder/Plant.asp?code=A501	Problems: No serious insect or disease problems.
407	2003. Lewis, W.H./Elvin-Lewis, M.P.F Medical botany: plants affecting human health. John Wiley and Sons, Hoboken, NJ	No evidence of toxicity to humans
408	2010. WRA Specialist. Personal Communication.	No evidence that species creates a fire hazard in natural ecosystems
409	1998. Dassanayake, M.D./Clayton, W.D. (eds.). A Revised handbook to the flora of Ceylon, Volume 12. A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam, Netherlands	"Under shade of shrubs close to watercourses in the lowlands and mid-country" [Sri Lanka]
409	2010. Dave's Garden. PlantFiles: Firecracker Plant, Firecracker Flower, Kanakambaram, Crossandra infundibuliformis. Dave's Garden, http://davesgarden.com/guides/pf/go/1337/	Sun Exposure: Sun to Partial Shade
409	2010. Missouri Botanical Garden. PlantFinder - Crossandra infundibuliformis. http://www.mobot.org/gardeninghelp/plantfinder/Plant.asp?code=A501	Tolerates bright full shade.
410	2010. AP Horticulture. Crossandra - (Crossandra infundibuliformis). Department of Horticulture, Government of Andhra Pradesh, http://www.aphorticulture.com/Cross.htm	A loamy soil is the best for this crop but can also be grown in all types of soils
410	2010. Dave's Garden. PlantFiles: Firecracker Plant, Firecracker Flower, Kanakambaram, Crossandra infundibuliformis. Dave's Garden, http://davesgarden.com/guides/pf/go/1337/	Soil pH requirements: 6.1 to 6.5 (mildly acidic) 6.6 to 7.5 (neutral)
411	2000. Whistler, W.A Tropical Ornamentals: A Guide. Timber Press, Portland, OR	"Subshrub to 1 m high" [not climbing or smothering]
412	1998. Dassanayake, M.D./Clayton, W.D. (eds.). A Revised handbook to the flora of Ceylon, Volume 12. A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam, Netherlands	No evidence of dense thicket formation in native range
412	2004. Meyer, J-Y./Lavergne, C Beautés fatales : Acanthaceae species as invasive alien plants on tropical Indo-Pacific Islands. Diversity and Distributions. 10: 333-347.	"cultivated species Crossandra infundibuliformis, Megaskepasma erythrochlamys, and Thunbergia mysorensissubspontaneous in secondary vegetation." [no evidence that Crossandra forms dense thickets where naturalizing]
501	2000. Whistler, W.A Tropical Ornamentals: A Guide. Timber Press, Portland, OR	Terrestrial shrub
502	2000. Whistler, W.A Tropical Ornamentals: A Guide. Timber Press, Portland, OR	Acanthaceae [not a grass]
503	2005. Staples, G. W./Herbst, D. R A Tropical Garden Flora - Plants Cultivated in the Hawaiian Islands and Other Tropical Places. Bishop Museum Press, Honolulu, HI.	Acanthaceae [not a nitrogen fixing plant]
504	1995. Matthew, K. M An excursion flora of Central Tamilnadu, India. CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL	"Subshrubby to 1(2) m [not a geophyte]

601	1995. Matthew, K. M An excursion flora of	No evidence of substantial reproductive failure in native habitat.
	Central Tamilnadu, India. CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL	
502	2005. Staples, G. W./Herbst, D. R A Tropical Garden Flora - Plants Cultivated in the Hawaiian Islands and Other Tropical Places. Bishop Museum Press, Honolulu, HI.	"The seeds are forcibly ejected from the capsules, and seedling can appear in the garden some distance away from the parent plants; gardeners should be aware that crossandra could become invasive under the right conditions."
502	2010. Dave's Garden. PlantFiles: Firecracker Plant, Firecracker Flower, Kanakambaram, Crossandra infundibuliformis. Dave's Garden, http://davesgarden.com/guides/pf/go/1337/	Propagation Methods: From softwood cuttings From seed; sow indoors before last frost Seed Collecting: Allow pods to dry on plant; break open to collect seeds
503	2010. WRA Specialist. Personal Communication.	Ability to hybridize naturally unknown
504	2001. Dey, S.C Growing Shrubs and Climbers. Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, India	"Seedlings are found to grow about the plant from self-sown seeds." [apparently single plants are self-compatible]
505	2000. Whistler, W.A Tropical Ornamentals: A Guide. Timber Press, Portland, OR	"Fruitinfrequently formed in cultivation" [infrequent fruit formation may be due to specialized pollinator requirements, but pollination biology unknown]
605	2010. wiseGEEK. What Is a Firecracker Flower?. http://www.wisegeek.com/what-is-a-firecracker-flower.htm	"These flowers attract butterflies and hummingbirds, which help to pollinate the plant."
606	2005. Staples, G. W./Herbst, D. R A Tropical Garden Flora - Plants Cultivated in the Hawaiian Islands and Other Tropical Places. Bishop Museum Press, Honolulu, HI.	"Herb or sprawling subshrub 1(-3)' tall; stems rooting." [potentially able to spread vegetatively]
607	2001. Dey, S.C Growing Shrubs and Climbers. Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, India	"Though perennial, it is treated as an annual in many places because the old plants look shaggy."
607	2010. AP Horticulture. Crossandra - (Crossandra infundibuliformis). Department of Horticulture, Government of Andhra Pradesh, http://www.aphorticulture.com/Cross.htm	Harvesting commences from the third month after planting. [refers to the availability of flowers]
701	2010. WRA Specialist. Personal Communication.	Plants self-seed, but no evidence of inadvertent spread
702	2000. Whistler, W.A Tropical Ornamentals: A Guide. Timber Press, Portland, OR	Popular ornamental
703	2010. WRA Specialist. Personal Communication.	No evidence that seeds are dispersed as a contaminant of produce [and not grown with produce]
704	2005. Staples, G. W./Herbst, D. R A Tropical Garden Flora - Plants Cultivated in the Hawaiian Islands and Other Tropical Places. Bishop Museum Press, Honolulu, HI.	"The seeds are forcibly ejected from the capsules, and seedling can appear in the garden some distance away from the parent plants" [mechanically dispersed, but no evidence of adaptations for wind dispersal]
705	1998. Dassanayake, M.D./Clayton, W.D. (eds.). A Revised handbook to the flora of Ceylon, Volume 12. A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam, Netherlands	"Under shade of shrubs close to watercourses in the lowlands and mid-country" [no direct evidence, but distribution suggest possible water dispersal]
706	2005. Staples, G. W./Herbst, D. R A Tropical Garden Flora - Plants Cultivated in the Hawaiian Islands and Other Tropical Places. Bishop Museum Press, Honolulu, HI.	Mechanical dispersal syndrome [not fleshy fruited]
707	1998. Dassanayake, M.D./Clayton, W.D. (eds.). A Revised handbook to the flora of Ceylon, Volume 12. A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam, Netherlands	"Capsules ellipsoid, to 15 x 4.5 mm, compressed, glabrous; seeds orbicular, 3 mm in diam., covered with hygroscopic scales" [no evidence of external dispersal by animals, and no means of external attachment]
708	2010. WRA Specialist. Personal Communication.	Unknown if seeds will survive passage through gut [unlikely to be consumed]
301	2000. Whistler, W.A Tropical Ornamentals: A Guide. Timber Press, Portland, OR	Fruit an oblong capsule, infrequently formed in cultivation [infrequent fruit production suggests low seed production]
802	2010. AP Horticulture. Crossandra - (Crossandra infundibuliformis). Department of Horticulture, Government of Andhra Pradesh, http://www.aphorticulture.com/Cross.htm	The seeds will loose their viability very soon and hence only freshly extracted seeds should be used. [no evidence that a persistence seed bank is formed]
803	2010. WRA Specialist. Personal Communication.	Unknown [no information found on effects of herbicide on this species]

804	2010. WRA Specialist. Personal Communication.	Unknown [no information on effects of mutilation, cultivation or fire]
805	2010. WRA Specialist. Personal Communication.	Unknown [no information on natural enemies]