Urochloa glumaris; Family - Poaceae; Common name - Thurston grass, tropical sig	nal gras	Answer	Score
1.01 Is the species highly domesticated? (If answer is 'no' then go to question 2.01)	y=-3, n=0	n	0
1.02 Has the species become naturalized where grown?	y= 1, n=-1		
1.03 Does the species have weedy races?	y=1, n=-1		
2.01 Species suited to tropical or subtropical climate(s) (0-low; 1-intermediate; 2-high) – If islar	See Appen	1	
2.02 Quality of climate match data (0-low; 1-intermediate; 2-high) see appendix 2		1	
2.03 Broad climate suitability (environmental versatility)	y=1, n=0	У	1
2.04 Native or naturalized in regions with tropical or subtropical climates	y=1, n=0	У	1
2.05 Does the species have a history of repeated introductions outside its natural range? y=-2	? ?=-1, n=0	У	
3.01 Naturalized beyond native range y = 1*multiplier (see Append 2), n= question 2.05		У	1.5
3.02 Garden/amenity/disturbance weed y = 1*multiplier (see Append 2)	n=0	У	1.5
3.03 Agricultural/forestry/horticultural weed $y = 2*multiplier (see Append 2)$	n=0	У	3
3.04 Environmental weed y = 2*multiplier (see Append 2)	n=0	n	0_
3.05 Congeneric weed y = 1*multiplier (see Append 2)	n=0	У	1.5
4.01 Produces spines, thorns or burrs	y=1, n=0	n	0
4.02 Allelopathic	y=1, n=0		_
4.03 Parasitic	y=1, n=0	n	0
4.04 Unpalatable to grazing animals	y=1, n=-1	n	-1
4.05 Toxic to animals	y=1, n=0	У	1
4.06 Host for recognized pests and pathogens	y=1, n=0		_
4.07 Causes allergies or is otherwise toxic to humans	y=1, n=0	n	0
4.08 Creates a fire hazard in natural ecosystems	y=1, n=0	n	0
4.09 Is a shade tolerant plant at some stage of its life cycle	y=1, n=0	У	1
4.10 Tolerates a wide range of soil conditions (or limestone conditions if not a volcanic island)		У	1
4.11 Climbing or smothering growth habit	y=1, n=0	n	0
4.12 Forms dense thickets	y=1, n=0	n	0
5.01 Aquatic	y=5, n=0	n	0
5.02 Grass	y=1, n=0	У	1
5.03 Nitrogen fixing woody plant	y=1, n=0	n	0
5.04 Geophyte (herbaceous with underground storage organs bulbs, corms, or tubers)	y=1, n=0	n	0
6.01 Evidence of substantial reproductive failure in native habitat 6.02 Produces viable seed.	y=1, n=0	n	0
	y=1, n=-1	У	1
6.03 Hybridizes naturally	y=1, n=-1		
6.04 Self-compatible or apomictic 6.05 Requires specialist pollinators	y=1, n=-1 y=-1, n=0	n	0
6.06 Reproduction by vegetative fragmentation	y=1, 11=0 y=1, n=-1	n	0 1
6.07 Minimum generative time (years) 1 year = 1, 2 or 3 years = 0, 4+ years = -1	See left	У	0
7.01 Propagules likely to be dispersed unintentionally (plants growing in heavily trafficked area		V	1
7.01 Propagules likely to be dispersed unintentionally (plants growing in heavily transched area 7.02 Propagules dispersed intentionally by people	y=1, 11=-1 y=1, n=-1	y y	1
7.03 Propagules likely to disperse as a produce contaminant	y=1, n=-1 y=1, n=-1	•	1
7.04 Propagules adapted to wind dispersal	y=1, n=-1 y=1, n=-1	y y	1
7.05 Propagules water dispersed	y=1, n=-1 y=1, n=-1	y n	-1
7.06 Propagules bird dispersed	y=1, n=-1 y=1, n=-1	n	-1 -1
7.00 Propagules bild dispersed 7.07 Propagules dispersed by other animals (externally)	y=1, 11=-1 y=1, n=-1	У	1
7.07 Propagules dispersed by other arithals (externally) 7.08 Propagules survive passage through the gut	y=1, 11=-1 y=1, n=-1	y n	-1
8.01 Prolific seed production (>1000/m2)	y=1, n=-1	n	<u>-1</u>
8.02 Evidence that a persistent propagule bank is formed (>1 yr)	y=1, 11=-1 y=1, n=-1	"	- i
8.03 Well controlled by herbicides	y=-1, n=-1 y=-1, n=1	у	-1
8.04 Tolerates, or benefits from, mutilation, cultivation, or fire	y=1, n=-1 y=1, n=-1	y	•
8.05 Effective natural enemies present locally (e.g. introduced biocontrol agents)	y=-1, n=1		
Total score:	, ,,,,		14.5